

المملكة العربية السعودية وزارة التعليم جامعة أم القرى عمادة الدراسات العليا

4/1/4. Course Specification:

# COURSE SPECIFICATIONS Form

Course Title: Graph Theory

Course Code: 4045405-4





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#### **Course Specifications**

Institution:Umm Alqura University, MakkahDate of Report: 05 November 2018

College/Department: College of Applied Science, Mathematical Science

#### A. Course Identification and General Information

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1. Course title and code: : Graph Theory (4046405-4)
2. Credit hours: 4 Credit hours.
3. Program(s) in which the course is offered:
(If general elective available in many programs indicate this rather than list programs)
Master in Mathematics
4. Name of faculty member responsible for the course
Prof. Dr. Ahmad Mohammed Ahmad Alghamdi
5. Level/year at which this course is offered: Master/Semester 1
6. Pre-requisites for this course (if any)
Groups and Rings + Discrete mathematics + combinatorics.
7. Co-requisites for this course (if any)
•
8. Locations: Main campus+Girls Sections
9. Mode of Instruction (mark all that apply)
a. Traditional classroom $$ What percentage? 100
b. Blended (traditional and online) $$ What percentage? -
c. e-learning What percentage?
d. Correspondence What percentage?
f. Other What percentage?
Comments: Mainly traditional classroom will dominant the mode on instruction. There is a need to apply some modes in some situations.



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#### **B** Objectives

1. What is the main purpose for this course?

The aim of the course is to introduce graduate students into Graph theory and its applications. In particular, we shall cover the followings topics:

- Introduction to graphs, structure and representations, trees, spanning trees.
- Connectivity, Optimal traversals and planarity.
- Drawing graph, graph coloring, and digraph models.
- Network flows, enumeration, Eulerian networks and Hamiltonoian net works.
- Algebraic graph, Algebraic specification, Nonplaner Layout. Some applications of graph theory.
- Spectrum and Energy of a graph: Laplacian spectrum and Laplacian energy of a graph.
- Brouwer's conjecture, the sum of the Laplacian eigenvalues of a graph.

2. Briefly describe any plans for developing and improving the course that are being implemented. (e.g. increased use of IT or web based reference material, changes in content as a result of new research in the field):

- 1- Encourage students to use the most updated books.
- 2- Advise Students to use MathSciNet.
- 3- Advise students to submit the homework online and using internet.
- 4- Encourage students to write their homework and essays using LaTeX.

# C. Course Description (Note: General description in the form to be used for the Bulletin or handbook should be attached)

1. Topics to be Covered		
List of Topics	No. of	Contact Hours
	Weeks	
Graph modules, structure and representations, trees, spanning trees.	2	8
Connectivity, Optimal traversals and planarity. Drawing graph, graph coloring, and digraph models.	3	12
Network flows, enumeration. Some applications.	2	8
Algebraic graph, Algebraic specification, Nonplaner Layout. Applications.	3	12
Spectrum and Energy of a graph: Laplacian spectrum and Laplacian energy of a graph.	3	12
Brouwer's conjecture, the sum of the Laplacian eigenvalues of a graph.	2	8

2. Course components (total contact hours and credits per semester):						
	Lecture	Tutorial	Laboratory	Practical /Clinical	Other: PBL	Total





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Contact Hours	60	0	 N/A	N/A	60
Credit	4				4

3. Additional private study/learning hours expected for students per week.

8

4. Course Learning Outcomes in NQF Domains of Learning and Alignment with Assessment Methods and Teaching Strategy

Course Learning Outcomes, Assessment Methods, and Teaching Strategy work together and are aligned. They are joined together as one, coherent, unity that collectively articulate a consistent agreement between student learning, assessment, and teaching.

The *National Qualification Framework* provides five learning domains. Course learning outcomes are required. Normally a course has should not exceed eight learning outcomes which align with one or more of the five learning domains. Some courses have one or more program learning outcomes integrated into the course learning outcomes to demonstrate program learning outcome alignment. The program learning outcome matrix map identifies which program learning outcomes are incorporated into specific courses.

On the table below are the five NQF Learning Domains, numbered in the left column.

**First**, insert the suitable and measurable course learning outcomes required in the appropriate learning domains (see suggestions below the table). **Second**, insert supporting teaching strategies that fit and align with the assessment methods and intended learning outcomes. **Third**, insert appropriate assessment methods that accurately measure and evaluate the learning outcome. Each course learning outcomes, assessment method, and teaching strategy ought to reasonably fit and flow together as an integrated learning and teaching process. **Fourth**, if any program learning outcomes are included in the course learning outcomes, place the @ symbol next to it.

Every course is not required to include learning outcomes from each domain.



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	NQF Learning Domains	Course Teaching	Course Assessment
	And Course Learning Outcomes	<b>Strate gies</b>	Methods
1.0	Knowledge		
1.1		<b>T</b>	<u> </u>
$   \begin{array}{c}     1.1 \\     1.2 \\     1.3 \\     1.4 \\     1.5 \\     1.6 \\   \end{array} $	<ul> <li>To be countries of applications in many ways.</li> <li>To describe graph family, walks, distance, isomorphisms, symmetry and automorphisms of sub-graphs</li> <li>To know Trees, connectivity, drawing, coloring, and network flows.</li> <li>To Describe enumerations, algebraic graph, energy graph and spectra of a graph.</li> <li>To state spanning trees and the related matters.</li> <li>To use graph for solving real live problems and understand some good applications in this direction.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Build on what students already know.</li> <li>present new concepts and principles</li> <li>use questioning and encouraging students.</li> <li>Doing practice and involving students in the class.</li> <li>Draw facts and</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Questions in the classes</li> <li>Quizzes</li> <li>Two periodical exams</li> <li>Homework assignments</li> <li>Final exam</li> </ul>
1.7	To state basic facts of energy of graphs and spectra of graph.	• Draw facts and doing responds.	
2.0			
2.1	To interpret and criticize as well as construct basic and advanced theory of graphs such as trees, connectivity, planer and non-planer layouts. To explain algebraic connections in graph theory	Request from students to do some preparations for the lectures	<ul> <li>Questions in the classes</li> <li>Quizzes</li> <li>Two periodical exams</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Give students</li> </ul>	Homework
2.3	To reorganize enumerations such as automorphism groups and action on coloring.	challenging exercise and	<ul> <li>Final written exam</li> </ul>
2.4	To interpret and explain network flows and use it to solve max-flow problem.	<ul><li>problems.</li><li>Asking students</li></ul>	
2.5	To explain and interpret graph energy and graph spectra and to construct algebraic specification such as Cayley graphs, regular voltages applications.	for doing generalizations and extensions for the	
2.6	To evaluate and calculate eigen values of laplacian matrices and related matrices for graph theory which are related to Brouwer's conjecture.	<ul><li>theoretical parts of the lectures.</li><li>Request from</li></ul>	
2.7	To prove and develop Burnside theorem and Polya generalization as well as inventories for counting colorings	students via discussions to compare the lectures with other topics in	





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		the same level.
		Doing extensive
		discussions
		• Doing Quizzes.
3.0	Interpersonal Skills & Responsibility	
3.1	Demonstrate communication skills with	Encourage students to:
	the teacher and other students in the	• Work in groups.
	class.	Visit library
3.2	Analyze and illustrate basic facts.	regularly.
3.3	To show and exhibit ethical behavior.	• Participate in the
3.4	To show skills for judging basic facts.	university
3.5	To write and work independently.	activities.
3.6	To work effectively in teams.	Participate in
3.7	To manage time properly, meet	college and
	deadlines.	department days
		and activities.
		• Joint and
		participate
		evocatively in
		college and
		department
		committees.
		• Joint and use
		useful media for
		education.
4.0		
<b>4.0</b>	Communication, Information Techno	logy, Numerical
4.1	oral form	Encourage students to.
12	illustrate methamatics to others in other	• Work in groups.
4.2	in written form	• VISIL HOFAFY
43	Evaluate mathematics in a well-organized	Derticinate in the
1.5	form.	• Participate in the
4.4	Research library in an excellent way.	
4.5	Research MathSciNet and good	Derticipate in
	databases.	• rancipate in college and
4.6	Operate and use the university facilities in	department days
	a good manner.	and activities
4.7	Criticize and evaluate as well as express	<ul> <li>Joint and</li> </ul>
	a judgment on the art of mathematics in	- Joint and participate
	this field.	evocatively in
		college and
		department
		committees
		Joint and use
		useful media for



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		<ul> <li>education.</li> <li>To use emails and internet evocatively.</li> <li>Give presentations</li> <li>Doing competitions and participate in</li> </ul>	
		mathe matical discussions.	
5.0	Psychomotor		
5.1	Not Applicable.	Not Applicable.	Not Applicable.

# Suggested Guidelines for Learning Outcome Verb, Assessment, and Teaching

NQF Learning Domains	Suggested Verbs
Knowledge	list, name, record, define, label, outline, state, describe, recall, memorize, reproduce, recognize, record, tell, write
Cognitive Skills	estimate, explain, summarize, write, compare, contrast, diagram, subdivide, differentiate, criticize, calculate, analyze, compose, develop, create, prepare, reconstruct, reorganize, summarize, explain, predict, justify, rate, evaluate, plan, design, measure, judge, justify, interpret, appraise
Interpersonal Skills &	demonstrate, judge, choose, illustrate, modify, show, use,
Responsibility	appraise, evaluate, justify, analyze, question, and write
Communication, Information	demonstrate, calculate, illustrate, interpret, research, question,
Technology, Numerical	operate, appraise, evaluate, assess, and criticize
Psychomotor	demonstrate, show, illustrate, perform, dramatize, employ, manipulate, operate, prepare, produce, draw, diagram, examine, construct, assemble, experiment, and reconstruct



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Suggested <u>verbs not to use</u> when writing measurable and assessable learning outcomes are as follows:

Consider Understand	Maximize	Continue	Review	Ensure	Enlarge
Maintain Deepen	Reflect	Examine	Strengthen	Explore	Encourage

Some of these verbs can be used if tied to specific actions or quantification. Suggested assessment methods and teaching strategies are:

According to research and best practices, multiple and continuous assessment methods are required to verify student learning. Current trends incorporate a wide range of rubric assessment tools; including web-based student performance systems that apply rubrics, benchmarks, KPIs, and analysis. Rubrics are especially helpful for qualitative evaluation. Differentiated assessment strategies include: exams, portfolios, long and short essays, log books, analytical reports, individual and group presentations, posters, journals, case studies, lab manuals, video analysis, group reports, lab reports, debates, speeches, learning logs, peer evaluations, self-evaluations, videos, graphs, dramatic performances, tables, demonstrations, graphic organizers, discussion forums, interviews, learning contracts, antidotal notes, artwork, KWL charts, and concept mapping.

Differentiated teaching strategies should be selected to align with the curriculum taught, the needs of students, and the intended learning outcomes. Teaching methods include: lecture, debate, small

5. Schedule of Assessment Tasks for Students During the Semester					
	Assessment task (e.g. essay, test, group project, examination, speech, oral presentation, etc.)	Week Due	Proportion of Total Assessment		
1	Continuous Assessment Evaluation	Weekly	20%		
2	First Periodic Exam	5	20 %		
3	Second Periodic Exam	10	20%		
4	Final Examination (written Exam)	16	40%		



#### D. Student Academic Counseling and Support

1. Arrangements for availability of faculty and teaching staff for individual student consultations and academic advice. (include amount of time teaching staff are expected to be available each week)

-Each group of students is assigned to a particular faculty where he or she will provide academic advising during specific academic hours. Each staff will provide at least one session/week. -There will be an academic advisor how will be a responsible for helping the student by doing the general supervision .

- The people in the library will support the students during the time of the course.

### E. Learning Resources

- 1- Sharie fuddin Pirzada: An introduction to graph theory, University press Orient BlackSwan. Hyderabad, India 2012.
- 2- Gross and Yellen, Graph Theory and Its Applications, SECOND Edition, CRC Press, 2006.
- 3- A.E. Brouwer, W.H. Haemers, Spectra of graphs, available from http://homepages.cwi.nl/~aeb/math/ipm.pdf.

2. List Essential References Materials (Journals, Reports, etc.)

On the sum of the Laplacian eigenvalues of a graph and Brouwer's conjecture; Journal of : Linear Algebra and its applications, 501, (2016), 376-389.

3. List Recommended Textbooks and Reference Material (Journals, Reports, etc)

- 1- D. Cvetkovic, M. Doob and H. Sachs: Spectra of graphs. Theory and applications Academic Press, New Work 1980.
- 2- Michel Rigo, Advanced Graph Theory and Combinatorics, Wiley-ISTE, 2016, ISBN: 079-1848216167 & 1848216165.

4. List Electronic Materials(eg. Web Sites, Social Media, Blackboard, etc.)
https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Graph theory

5. Other learning material such as computer-based programs/CD, professional standards or regulations and software.

-LaTeX and Latexbeamer.

-Magma

-Gap

# F. Facilities Required

Indicate requirements for the course including size of classrooms and laboratories (i.e. number of seats in classrooms and laboratories, extent of computer access etc.)

Accommodation (Classrooms, laboratories, demonstration rooms/labs, etc.)

- Lecture classroom which can accommodate 30 students for lectures (normal and classical classroom)

2. Computing resources (AV, data show, Smart Board, software, etc.)



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#### Data Show (projector): sometimes shall be used.

3. Other resources (specify, e.g. if specific laboratory equipment is required, list requirements or attach list)

This course is aadvanced and fundamental course in Graph theory and its applications. And the main theory can be devoted to applications in many situations as well as study Brouwer's conjecture for spectra and energy of graphs.

#### G Course Evaluation and Improvement Processes

1 Strategies for Obtaining Student Feedback on Effectiveness of Teaching Following completion of the prescribed course study in Pediatrics module, an evaluation should be conducted through the following:

A student questionnaire feedback should be carried out on the

quality & effectiveness of teaching and evaluation

2 Other Strategies for Evaluation of Teaching by the Program/Department Instructor

- A staff questionnaire feedback about course
- 3 Processes for Improvement of Teaching

Submission of a final evaluation report at the end of the course

A review of the recommended teaching strategies should be submitted after evaluation.

4. Processes for Verifying Standards of Student Achievement (e.g. check marking by an independent member teaching staff of a sample of student work, periodic exchange and remarking of tests or a sample of assignments with staff at another institution)

- Compare the standards of students achievements' with standards archived elsewhere (inside KSA or students from outside the kingdom) by checking the marking of a sample of some

student work : tests, course work

- Assignment by an independent member of teaching staff either from the UQU or other universities

5 Describe the planning arrangements for periodically reviewing course effectiveness and planning for improvement.

- Reviewing feedback on the quality of course report from staff members, other university' staffs.

- Looking for strengthen and weak points gathered at the end of the course and working on it.

- Plan to introduce updating material and technology that could improve the quality

# Faculty or Teaching Staff: Prof. Dr. Ahmad Mohammed Ahmad Alghamdi

Signature: \_\_\_\_Ahmad Mohammed Ahmad Alghamdi\_\_\_\_\_

Date Report Completed 05 November 2018\_\_\_\_\_

Received by: \_\_\_\_\_ Dean/Department Head

Signature: \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_

