





# **Course Specifications**

| <b>Course Title:</b> | Fluid Mechanics           |
|----------------------|---------------------------|
| Course Code:         | 23044274-4                |
| Program:             | Bachelor of Mathematics   |
| Department:          | Mathematics Department    |
| College:             | Jamoum University College |
| Institution:         | Umm Al-Qura University    |



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# A. Course Identification

| 1. Credit hours: 4   |  |  |
|--|--|--|
| 2. Course type   |  |  |
| a. University College Department 🗸 Others                                |  |  |
| b. Required ✓ Elective   |  |  |
| 3. Level/year at which this course is offered: Level Eight / Fourth Year |  |  |
| 4. Pre-requisites for this course (if any): Continuum Mechanics          |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
| <b>5.</b> Co-requisites for this course (if any): N.A.                   |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |

#### **6. Mode of Instruction** (mark all that apply)

|    | ······································ |                      |            |
|----|--|----------------------|------------|
| No | Mode of Instruction                    | <b>Contact Hours</b> | Percentage |
| 1  | Traditional classroom                  | 4 hours weekly       | 100        |
| 2  | Blended                                |                      |            |
| 3  | E-learning                             |                      |            |
| 4  | Correspondence                         |                      |            |
| 5  | Other                                  |                      |            |

#### 7. Actual Learning Hours (based on academic semester)

| No                    | Activity                        | Learning Hours |  |
|-----------------------|---------------------------------|----------------|--|
| Contac                | Contact Hours                   |                |  |
| 1                     | Lecture                         | 60             |  |
| 2                     | Laboratory/Studio               |                |  |
| 3                     | Tutorial                        |                |  |
| 4                     | Others (specify)                |                |  |
|                       | Total                           | 60             |  |
| Other Learning Hours* |                                 |                |  |
| 1                     | Study                           | 85             |  |
| 2                     | Assignments                     | 20             |  |
| 3                     | Library                         |                |  |
| 4                     | Projects/Research Essays/Theses | 20             |  |
| 5                     | Others (specify)                |                |  |
|                       | Total                           | 125            |  |

\* The length of time that a learner takes to complete learning activities that lead to achievement of course learning outcomes, such as study time, homework assignments, projects, preparing presentations, library times



### **B.** Course Objectives and Learning Outcomes

#### **1.** Course Description

Introduction: Basic concepts of fluid mechanics. Fundamental terms. Physical values. Fluids and their properties. Forces inside fluid. **Fluid Statistics**: Pascal's law. Euler's equation of fluid statics. Measurement of pressure. Relative statics of fluid – constant acceleration, rotation. Forces of hydrostatic pressure. Buoyancy. Flotation. Stability. **Fluid Kinematics**: Euler and Lagrangian specification of fluid flow. Streamlines. Path lines. Stream surface. Stream tube. Mass/volume flow. Continuity equation, Control volume. **Fluid Dynamics**: Basic laws of fluid dynamics – conservation of mass, conservation of linear momentum, conservation of energy. Ideal fluid flow. Application of Bernoulli's equation. Real fluid flow. Viscosity. Determination of losses. Reynolds experiment. Laminar and turbulent flow. Boundary layer. Velocity profile. Losses in pipes. Frictional losses. Navier-stokes equations of motion. Local losses. Coefficients of resistance.

#### 2. Course Main Objective

The role of the course is to introduce concepts and quantitative techniques for the study of Fluid Mechanics and to introduce different types of flow, understanding basic laws, principles and phenomena in the area of fluid mechanics

#### 3. Course Learning Outcomes

|     | CLOs   | Aligned<br>PLOs |
|-----|--|-----------------|
| 1   | Knowledge:   |                 |
| 1.1 | Understand viscosity as a fluid property and be able to compute shear stress<br>involving Newtonian fluids. Understand the different types of fluids and the                       |                 |
|     | phenomena of surface tension.  |                 |
| 1.2 | Understand field variables and be able to evaluate the local, convective, and<br>total acceleration in flowing fluids. Recognize Lagrangian and Eulerian<br>frames of reference    |                 |
| 1.3 | Understand pressure distributions normal to, and parallel to, streamlines in flowing fluids  |                 |
| 1.4 | Understand the usefulness in presenting experimental data using dimensional analysis.  |                 |
| 2   | Skills :   |                 |
| 2.1 | Be able to appropriately apply Bernoulli's principle to fluid dynamic situations<br>and recognize the limitations of this principle  |                 |
| 2.2 | Be able to apply mechanical energy equation it to laminar and turbulent flow<br>with minor and major losses through pipe networks  |                 |
| 3   | Competence:  |                 |
| 3.1 | To utilize the principles of fluid dynamics to analyze and solve real world flow phenomena   |                 |
| 3.2 | To use structured techniques to develop an engineering problem statement<br>based on real-world applications of fluid mechanics and apply structured<br>problem solving techniques |                 |
| 3.3 | To methodically explore the possible solution space for fluids problems.   |                 |

#### **C.** Course Content

| No | List of Topics   | Contact<br>Hours |
|----|--|------------------|
| 1  | <ul> <li>Introduction</li> <li>What is a fluid and what distinguishes it from a solid?</li> <li>What do we mean by density and viscosity?</li> <li>Define fluid velocity and introduce the concepts of streamlines,</li> </ul> | 4                |

| - |   |    |  |
|---|---|----|--|
|   | streak lines and path lines and give some simple examples.                              |    |  |
|   | Conservation laws   |    |  |
| 2 | - The material derivative and the law of conservation of mass.                          |    |  |
|   | - Establish the transport theorem.  |    |  |
|   | - Discuss the notion of an incompressible fluid.  | 10 |  |
| 2 | - Introduce notions of force and the stress tensor.                                     | 10 |  |
|   | - Derive the equation for the balance of linear momentum.                               |    |  |
|   | - Derive the equation for the balance of angular momentum and deduce that               |    |  |
|   | the stress tensor is symmetric.   |    |  |
|   | Ideal Fluid   |    |  |
|   | - Define what is meant by an ideal fluid  |    |  |
|   | - Show that kinetic energy is conserved for ideal fluids in motions with in a           |    |  |
|   | fixed volume if the body force is conservative  |    |  |
|   | Derive Bernoulli's Theorem for conservative body force                                  |    |  |
|   | - Define verticity and derive the verticity equation for an ideal fluid                 |    |  |
| 3 | - Define vorticity and derive the vorticity equation for an ideal fluid.                | 10 |  |
|   | - Consider the special case of 2D flow for which vorticity is characterized by          |    |  |
|   | a scalar function. Give examples.   |    |  |
|   | - Define irrotational flow and particularize Bernoulli's theorem to irrotational        |    |  |
|   | flow.   |    |  |
|   | - Define circulation and establish its properties, for example, conditions              |    |  |
|   | under which the circulation is zero.  |    |  |
|   | Introduction to viscous flow  |    |  |
|   | - Introduce the Newtonian Fluid and its stress tensor.                                  |    |  |
|   | - Derive the Navier-Stokes equation assuming incompressibility.                         |    |  |
|   | - Verity that the presence of viscosity causes dissipation by considering the           |    |  |
|   | evolution of total kinetic energy in the motion of a viscous fluid.                     |    |  |
|   | - Construct exact solutions for Poiseuille and Couette flow. Calculate                  |    |  |
| 1 | shearing forces of boundaries.  | 0  |  |
| 4 | - Non-dimensionalise the Navier-Stokes equations with respect to                        | δ  |  |
|   | characteristic lengths and velocities to obtain the Reynolds number.                    |    |  |
|   | - Discuss the case $Re >> 1$ - low viscosity, flow is approximately that of an          |    |  |
|   | ideal fluid away from boundaries. Discuss also the case $Re <<1$ - low                  |    |  |
|   | dominated by viscosity and inertia terms now ignorable.                                 |    |  |
|   | - Explain the reasoning driving the non-dimensionalisation procedure.                   |    |  |
|   | Check that Reynolds number is indeed a non-dimensional number                           |    |  |
|   | Vorticity and Boundary layers   |    |  |
|   | - Derive the vorticity equation for a viscous fluid and particularize to 2D             |    |  |
|   | flow  |    |  |
|   | - Solve problem for an impulsively moved plane boundary for viscous fluid               |    |  |
| 5 | in a half-space. Observe the importance of the similarity variable                      | 10 |  |
| 5 | Use the exact solution to alugidate the idea of a boundary layer in the                 | 10 |  |
|   | - Use the exact solution to elucidate the idea of a boundary layer in the               |    |  |
|   | Respect to that of inviscit solution.   |    |  |
|   | - Reconsider the Navier-Stokes equation and argue with general thickness of             |    |  |
|   | a boundary rayer.   |    |  |
|   | Consider only 2D incompressible inviscid flow and introduce the concert                 |    |  |
|   | - Consider only 2D incompressible inviscia now and introduce the concept                |    |  |
|   | Introduce the complex value its potential vie the CD equations.                         |    |  |
|   | - introduce the complex velocity potential via the CK equations. Illustrate             |    |  |
|   | complex vPs for some simple 2D flows, e.g. source, sink, line vortex,                   |    |  |
| 6 | streaming flow at speed U etc   | 8  |  |
| Ŭ | - Establish the expression for the force on an obstacle in a 2D flow of an              | 2  |  |
|   | Inviscid fluid, that is, the integral expression for $F_x - iF_y$ (Blausius's Theorem). |    |  |
|   | - Establish the Milne-Thomson circle theorem for 2D flow around a circular              |    |  |
|   | cylinder.   |    |  |
| 1 | - Do some examples calculating forces for simple flows.                                 |    |  |
|   | - Analyze the general Joukowski airfoil in which $z = 0$ is interior to the             |    |  |

5

| 7 | <ul> <li>Introduce the concept of dispersive waves leading to the notion of group velocity. Provide some examples of dispersion and calculation their group velocities.</li> <li>Introduce the concept of surface tension and its mathematics formulation.</li> <li>Establish expressions for the speed of surface waves on an incompressible inviscid fluid of depth h, ignoring surface tension and in the presence of surface tension.</li> <li>Extend analysis to interfacial waves and do a few examples.</li> </ul> | 10<br>60 |
|---|---|----------|
|   | <ul> <li>Surface and Interfacial waves</li> <li>Introduce the concepts of amplitude, frequency (Hz and angular), wavelength and phase velocity.</li> <li>Introduce the concept of dispersive waves leading to the notion of group</li> </ul>  |          |
|   | airfoil so that the VP has a Laurent expansion about z = 0.<br>- Introduce the Method of Images regions for semi-infinite.  |          |

#### **D.** Teaching and Assessment

# **1.** Alignment of Course Learning Outcomes with Teaching Strategies and Assessment Methods

| Code | Course Learning Outcomes  | <b>Teaching Strategies</b>                       | Assessment Methods             |
|------|---|--|--------------------------------|
| 1.0  | Knowledge   |  |                                |
| 1.1  | Recognize basic knowledge of fluid flow<br>and its properties and characteristics and<br>its use in various fields. | Lectures, tutorials and e-<br>learning           | Mid-term exams and final exams |
| 1.2  | Get the knowledge of various physical<br>terms such as shear, stress, pressure,<br>vorticity etc.                   | Lectures, tutorials and power point presentation | Mid-term exams and final exams |
| 2.0  | Skills  |  |                                |
| 2.1  | How to use the physical laws and principles in understanding the subject?   | Tutorials  | Home Assignments               |
| 2.2  | How to simplify problems and analyze phenomena?   | Tutorials and brain storming session             | Solving problem                |
| 2.3  | Ability to explain the idea with the students own words.  | Tutorials and discussions                        | Assigning projects             |
| 3.0  | Competence  | _  |                                |
| 3.1  | Plan practical activities using techniques and procedures appropriate to Fluid Mechanics.                           | Lectures   | Homework and exams             |
| 3.2  | Execute a piece of independent research using mathematics techniques of Fluid Mechanics.                            | Lectures   | Homework and<br>exams          |

#### 2. Assessment Tasks for Students

| # | Assessment task*             | Week Due              | Percentage of Total<br>Assessment Score |
|---|------------------------------|-----------------------|---|
| 1 | Midterm Test (1)             | 7th week              | 20%                                     |
| 2 | Homework + Reports + Quizzes |                       | 5%                                      |
| 3 | Midterm Test (2)             | 12 <sup>th</sup> week | 20%                                     |
| 4 | Homework + Reports + Quizzes |                       | 5%                                      |
| 5 | Final Examination            | End of                | 50%                                     |
|   |                              | semester              |   |

\*Assessment task (i.e., written test, oral test, oral presentation, group project, essay, etc.)

# E. Student Academic Counseling and Support

Arrangements for availability of faculty and teaching staff for individual student consultations and academic advice :

- 1. The faculty will arrange teaching staff for individual student consultations and academic advice which includes amount of time teaching staff to be available each week.
- 2. Each group of students is assigned to a particular faculty where he or she will provide academic Counselling during specific academic hours. Each staff will provide at least one session/week.
- 3. The instructor of the course is aware of the weaknesses of the student in the subject and try to resolve it.

# **F. Learning Resources and Facilities**

#### **1.Learning Resources**

| Required Textbooks                | <ul> <li>Batchelor, An Introduction to Fluid Dynamics, Cambridge University<br/>Press (1967).</li> <li>Acheson, Elementary Fluid Dynamics, Oxford University Press (1990).</li> <li>Drazin and Reid, Hydrodynamic Stability, Cambridge University Press (2004).</li> </ul> |
|-----------------------------------|--|
| Essential References<br>Materials | Lecture notes.   |
| Electronic Materials              | <ul><li>(a) Lectures presentations should be available for students.</li><li>(b) Audio visual materials should also be available.</li></ul>  |
| Other Learning<br>Materials       |  |

#### 2. Facilities Required

| Item  | Resources   |
|---|---|
| Accommodation<br>(Classrooms, laboratories, demonstration<br>rooms/labs, etc.)  | Lecture theatre which can accommodate 30 students for lectures and tutorials and Computer laboratory. |
| <b>Technology Resources</b><br>(AV, data show, Smart Board, software,<br>etc.)  | Data Show (projector)   |
| Other Resources<br>(Specify, e.g. if specific laboratory<br>equipment is required, list requirements or<br>attach a list) |   |

## **G.** Course Quality Evaluation

| Evaluation<br>Areas/Issues   | Evaluators                                     | <b>Evaluation Methods</b>           |
|--|--|-------------------------------------|
| Strategies for Obtaining Student<br>Feedback on Effectiveness of<br>Teaching | Program Instructor and Head of the Department. | student questionnaire feedback form |
| Strategies for Evaluation of   | Students and Head of the                       | staff questionnaire feedback        |



| Evaluation<br>Areas/Issues  | Evaluators  | <b>Evaluation Methods</b>  |
|---|---|--|
| Teaching  | Department.   | form   |
| Processes for Improvement of Teaching   | Program Instructor and the committee responsible for quality check. | Submission of a course report<br>after final result declared.<br>New teaching strategies should<br>be submitted after evaluation.  |
| Processes for Verifying<br>Standards of Student<br>Achievement.   | Program Instructor and the committee responsible for quality check  | Compare the standards of<br>students achievements' with<br>standards archived elsewhere<br>(inside KSA or<br>students from outside the<br>kingdom) by checking the<br>marking of a sample of some<br>student work : tests, course work |
| Describe the planning<br>arrangements for periodically<br>reviewing course effectiveness<br>and planning for<br>improvement | Staff members of UQU and other staff members of the university.     | Reviewing feedback on the quality of course report from staff members, other university' staffs.   |

**Evaluation areas** (e.g., Effectiveness of teaching and assessment, Extent of achievement of course learning outcomes, Quality of learning resources, etc.)

**Evaluators** (Students, Faculty, Program Leaders, Peer Reviewer, Others (specify) Assessment Methods (Direct, Indirect)

#### H. Specification Approval Data

| Council / Committee |  |
|---------------------|--|
| Reference No.       |  |
| Date                |  |