

ATTACHMENT 5.

Kingdom of Saudi Arabia

**The National Commission for Academic Accreditation &
Assessment**

T6. Course Specifications

(CS)

**Spectroscopy and magnetism of
inorganic compounds**

(402624-3)



Course Specifications

Institution: Umm Al-qura University	Date: 2017
College/Department: Faculty of Applied Sciences / Department of Chemistry	

A. Course Identification and General Information

1. Course title and code: Spectroscopy and magnetism of inorganic compounds / 402624-3	
2. Credit hours: 3 (theoretical)	
3. Program(s) in which the course is offered.: M. Sc. in Chemistry (If general elective available in many programs indicate this rather than list programs)	
4. Name of faculty member responsible for the course: Dr. Hoda Abou El-Fetouh El-Ghamry	
5. Level/year at which this course is offered: 3rd / 2nd	
6. Pre-requisites for this course (if any): not applicable	
7. Co-requisites for this course (if any): not applicable	
8. Location if not on main campus: El-Abedyah, El-Azizya, and El-Zaher	
9. Mode of Instruction (mark all that apply)	
a. traditional classroom	<input type="checkbox"/> What percentage? <input type="checkbox"/>
b. blended (traditional and online)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> What percentage? <input type="checkbox" value="100"/>
c. e-learning	<input type="checkbox"/> What percentage? <input type="checkbox"/>
d. correspondence	<input type="checkbox"/> What percentage? <input type="checkbox"/>
f. other	<input type="checkbox"/> What percentage? <input type="checkbox"/>
Comments:	

B Objectives

- Summary of the main learning outcomes for students enrolled in the course.
 - The students will learn the basic theories related to coordination chemistry such as: valence bond theory and crystal field theory, electronic spectroscopy will be also discussed.
 - Let the students to be familiar with magnetism of compounds especially inorganic compounds.
 - Special emphasis will be on electronic spin resonance including its techniques and the meaning of relaxation time and line width of and ESR Absorption.
 - Nuclear spin and hyperfine splitting will also be discussed.
- Briefly describe any plans for developing and improving the course that are being implemented. (e.g. increased use of IT or web based reference material, changes in content as a result of new research in the field)
 - Variation of learning sources for the course, so that students benefit from more than one reference.
 - Encourage students to prepare reports in various subjects of the course.
 - Link the theoretical and practical sides of the course.
 - The use of teaching intelligent classes for lectures.

C. Course Description (Note: General description in the form used in Bulletin or handbook)

Course Description:

1. Topics to be Covered

List of Topics	No. of Weeks	Contact hours
• Valence theories: valence bond theory, crystal field theory, ligand field theory.	2	6
• Electronic spectra: crystal field strength, electronic transition selection rules and d-d transitions on complexes.	2	6
• Para magnetism: the Curle law and zero-field.	1	3



• Long term order: molecular field theory of ferromagnetism and antiferromagnetism.	1	3
• Short term order: one-dimensional or linear chain systems, two-dimensional or planar systems.	1	3
• Some single ion and transition metal compounds properties.	1	3
• Electron spin resonance: interaction between electron spin resonance and magnetic field.	2	6
• Techniques of ESR spectroscopy.	1	3
• Relaxation time and line width of ESR Absorption.	1	3
• Nuclear spin and hyperfine splitting.	1	3

2. Course components (total contact hours and credits per semester):

	Lecture	Tutorial	Laboratory or Studio	Practical	Other:	Total
Contact Hours	39	-		-		39
Credit	3	-		-		3

3. Additional private study/learning hours expected for students per week.

2

4. Course Learning Outcomes in NQF Domains of Learning and Alignment with Assessment Methods and Teaching Strategy

On the table below are the five NQF Learning Domains, numbered in the left column.

First, insert the suitable and measurable course learning outcomes required in the appropriate learning domains (see suggestions below the table). **Second**, insert supporting teaching strategies that fit and align with the assessment methods and intended learning outcomes. **Third**, insert appropriate assessment methods that accurately measure and evaluate the learning outcome. Each course learning outcomes, assessment method, and teaching strategy ought to reasonably fit and flow together as an integrated learning and teaching process. (Courses are not required to include learning outcomes from each domain.)

Code #	NQF Learning Domains And Course Learning Outcomes	Course Teaching Strategies	Course Assessment Methods
1.0	Knowledge		
1.1	Explain the valence theories: valence bond theory, crystal field theory, ligand field theory.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Lectures • Scientific discussion • Library visits • Web-based study 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Written mid-term and final exams. • Long and short essays. • web-based student performance systems
1.2	Describe the electronic spectra: crystal field strength, electronic transition selection rules and d-d transitions on complexes..		
1.3	Identify the para magnetism, ferromagnetism and antiferromagnetism		
1.4	Explain the electron spin resonance: interaction between electron spin resonance and magnetic field		
1.5	Describe the techniques of ESR spectroscopy.		
2.0	Cognitive Skills		
2.1	Compare between para magnetism, ferromagnetism and antiferromagnetism	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Lectures • Scientific discussion • Library visits • Web-based study 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Mid-term and final exams. • Measuring the response to the assignments.
2.2	Interpret the valence theories: valence bond theory, crystal field theory, ligand field theory		
2.3	Interpret the electronic spectra: crystal field strength, electronic transition selection rules and d-d transitions on complexes.		
2.4	Interpret the techniques of ESR spectroscopy		
3.0	Interpersonal Skills & Responsibility		
3.1	Take the personality and responsibility for their own learning.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Encourage the 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Homeworks

3.2	Working effectively in groups and exercise leadership when appropriate	solving problems in groups during lecture.	• Group reports.
3.3	Act ethically and consistently with high molar standards in personal and public forums	• Making open discussion about certain recent topic of the.	
3.4	Community linked thinking		
4.0	Communication, Information Technology, Numerical		
4.1	Communicate effectively in oral and written forms	• The use of computers in the training room of the department.	• Ask questions that test the student's ability to interpret simple statistical information.
4.2	Use information and communication technologies	• Organizing group visits to the Central Library.	• Assess the duties associated with the proper use of communication skills and numerical process
4.3	Use basic mathematical and statistical techniques	• The use of the international information network (internet).	
5.0	Psychomotor		
5.1	Not applicable.		
5.2			

5. Schedule of Assessment Tasks for Students During the Semester			
	Assessment task (e.g. essay, test, group project, examination, speech, oral presentation, etc.)	Week Due	Proportion of Total Assessment
1	Assignments and activities.	--	10 %

2	Midterm Exam.	8	30 %
3	Final Exam.	15-16	60 %
4	Total	100 %	

D. Student Academic Counseling and Support

1. Arrangements for availability of faculty and teaching staff for individual student consultations and academic advice. (include amount of time teaching staff are expected to be available each week)
 - Office hours: During the working hours weekly.
 - Academic advising for students.
 - Availability of Staff members to provide counselling and advice.

E. Learning Resources

1. List Required Textbooks
 - R.L. Carlin; "Magnetochemistry" 1st ed. Springer-Verlag, Berlin, Heidelberg, 1986.
2. List Essential References Materials (Journals, Reports, etc.)
 - Journal of magnetism and magnetic materials.
 - Journal of magnetic resonance.
3. List Recommended Textbooks and Reference Material (Journals, Reports, etc)
 - A. Syamal R.L. Dutta; "Elements of Magnetochemistry", Affiliated East-West Press Pvt. Ltd, 1982.
4. List Electronic Materials, Web Sites, Facebook, Twitter, etc.
 - <https://www.abebooks.co.uk/book-search/title/magnetochemistry/author/carlin/>
5. Other learning material such as computer-based programs/CD, professional standards or regulations and software.

None.

F. Facilities Required

- Indicate requirements for the course including size of classrooms and laboratories (i.e. number of seats in classrooms and laboratories, extent of computer access etc.)
1. Accommodation (Classrooms, laboratories, demonstration rooms/labs, etc.)

<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Equipped lecture hall and laboratory equipped specializing in inorganic chemistry.
<p>2. Computing resources (AV, data show, Smart Board, software, etc.)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Room equipped with computers, data show and TV.
<p>3. Other resources (specify, e.g. if specific laboratory equipment is required, list requirements or attach list)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> No other requirements.

G Course Evaluation and Improvement Processes

<p>1. Strategies for Obtaining Student Feedback on Effectiveness of Teaching</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Structured group discussions and/or focus groups. Questionnaires can be used to collect student feedback. Student representation on staff-student committees and institutional bodies.
<p>2. Other Strategies for Evaluation of Teaching by the Instructor or by the Department</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> The instructor's statement of his/her goals for the course, teaching methods and philosophy, student outcomes, and plans for improvement are a critical source of information. A systematic self-review has the potential for contributing significantly to the instructor's teaching improvement by focusing on the strengths and weaknesses of the course in light of his/her original course objectives. Visits by other faculty can provide information about the process of teaching. Colleagues have the expertise to evaluate the quality of a course as evidenced by its content and format (peer reviewers).
<p>3. Processes for Improvement of Teaching</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Providing new tools for learning. The application of e-learning. Exchange of experiences internal and external. Training programs and workshops for Staff member. Review of strategies proposed.
<p>4. Processes for Verifying Standards of Student Achievement (e.g. check marking by an independent member teaching staff of a sample of student work, periodic exchange and remarking of tests or a sample of assignments with staff at another institution)</p>

- Check marking by an independent member teaching staff of a sample of student work.
- Periodic exchange and remarking of tests or a sample of assignments with staff at another institution.

5. Describe the planning arrangements for periodically reviewing course effectiveness and planning for improvement.

- Workshops for teachers of the course.
- Periodic review of the contents of the syllabus and modify the negatives.
- Consult other staff of the course.
- Hosting a visiting staff to evaluate of the course.

Name of Instructor: **Dr. Hoda Abou El-Fetouh El-Ghamry**

Signature: _____

Date Report Completed: **17/1/2017**

Name of Field Experience Teaching Staff:

Program Coordinator: _____

Signature: _____

Date Received: _____

